



### iFly Progress Report WP5

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# WP5: Pushing the limits of conflict resolution algorithms



- Service CR needs of A<sup>3</sup> concept
- Organised in 4 tasks
  - WP5.1: Comparative study of conflict resolution methods
    - Corresponding Deliverable:
      - **1** D5.1: Due T0+6; Public
  - WP5.2: Analysis of conflict resolution needs for A<sup>3</sup> operation developed by WP1 and WP2
    - <u>Corresponding Deliverable</u>:
      - **M** D5.2: Due T0+12; Public
  - WP5.3: Further development of conflict resolution methods
    - Corresponding Deliverables:
      - **V** D5.3i: Due T0+21; Internal
        - D5.3ii: Due T0+30; Internal
        - D5.3(final): Due T0+36; Public
  - WP5.4: Validation of the resulting conflict resolution method against the requirements
    - Corresponding Deliverable:
      - D5.4: Due T0+44; Public







# **D5.1 Report**



- Report on conflict resolution methods
- Literature review with an emphasis on
  - Methods applicable to autonomous aircraft
  - Resolution guarantees
- Autonomous aircraft: Decentralization
- Centralized
  - All aircraft jointly reach resolution,
  - Using global information

### • Decentralized

- Each aircraft makes its own decision
- Using local information and possibly communication







# **D5.1 Report**



- Long Term CR (Flow management problem)
  - Only centralized methods available in literature
  - Mainly ground holding techniques
    - On-line, distributed TFM impractical, TFM in support of autonomous operations

## • Mid Term CR (horizons of tens of mins)

- Available methods in literature were investigated
- Emphasis was given on their decentralizability
- Methods were classified according to dimensions, CR maneuvers, multiple aircraft CR and trajectory propagation.
- Short Term CR (within minutes)
  - One level above TCAS, ACAS
  - Several algorithms were reviewed
  - Emphasis on methods providing conflict avoidance guarantees







# **D5.2 Report**



- Report on the requirements of the autonomous aircraft concept
- Long Term CR
  - Following D1.3, redefinition to horizons of 10s of mins to hours
  - Divided in:
    - Ground based "strategic flow management"
    - Airborne "trajectory management"
  - Common Themes:
    - Efficiency oriented, e.g. stick to the RBT, avoid congestion
    - Safety through constraints on airspace capacity/complexity
    - "Global" information required: Weather, intents, etc.
    - Optimization based formulation (computing load, certification)











- Several methods have been proposed in non-A3 context
- Reviewed in D5.1
- Based on large scale optimization
  - Optimize schedule, e.g. minimize arrival times
  - Subject to constraints, e.g. sector capacities
  - MILP formulations, heuristics, etc.
- Could be adapted to ground support for A3 concept
- Bottleneck not CDR methods but input to them
  - Replace "sector capacities" by "airspace density", "complexity"
  - WP3: Inherent complexity metrics
  - WP5: Abstract capabilities of mid- and short- term CDR
- No algorithmic development for the time being









#### • Propose to use mid-term CDR methods

- Current thinking for mid-term CDR optimization based
- Decentralized update of reference trajectories or intents
- Communication of intent information
- "Optimal" reference trajectories subject to safety constraints
- Use the same methods for trajectory management
  - Blend TM into mid-term CDR optimization problem, e.g.
    - Minimize airspace complexity s.t. safety constraints, or
    - Minimize travel time s.t. safety and congestion constraints
  - Formulate separate TM problem, seed mid-term CDR with TM solutions
- Again, added difficulty not algorithms, but input
  - How are "congestion" or "complexity" quantified?









#### • Initial effort on centralized mid-term CDR

- Stochastic model predictive control
- Randomized optimization
- Particle filter implementation

Efforts to decentralize

#### • Short-term + mid-term coupling

- Navigation functions + model predictive control
- Collision avoidance guarantee of NF
- Preview afforded by MPC
- Get the best of both worlds

Efforts to decentralize







## **Midterm CDR: MPC**



- MPC = Model Predictive Control
- Automatic control method, allows one to deal with dynamic optimization in the presence of constraints
- Use model to predict the future

   Predict future trajectories of aircraft
   E.g. over the next 20min
   For different resolution manoeuvres

  - Select the "optimal" manoeuvre
    E.g. Minimum conflict free deviation from RBT
  - Execute the first part of the selected manoeuvre
    E.g. The first 3 minutes
  - Measure where the aircraft ended up and repeat
- Feedback introduced through periodic measurement → Receding horizon implementation
- Optimization based, choice of optimization criteria and constraints makes a big difference in performance and computation time









• Extended navigation functions

#### • Good A<sup>3</sup> short term CDR candidate

- Short term horizon
- Based on state + 1st level of intent information
- Implicit coordination
- No priority rules
- No secondary conflicts
- 1-to-N resolution
- Resolution guarantees
- Extensions needed
  - 3D case
  - Input (speed, turning radius, acceleration ...) constraint
- Natural extension of NTUA research











- Robotic path planning method
- Set up artificial potential
  - Loosely speaking, think of aircraft as charges in electric field
  - Each aircraft attracted by its destination
  - Each aircraft repelled by other aircraft
  - Each aircraft repelled by restricted areas, ...











# **Short term CDR: Navigation functions**

- Release aircraft in this artificial potential
- Can be shown that
  - Aircraft converge to their destination
  - With the desired orientation
  - While avoiding conflicts with other aircraft, and
  - While remaining in the desired airspace region
- But classical navigation function methods
  - Only work in 2D
  - Do not account for input and state constraints
  - E.g. Aircraft can stop or turn on the spot
- Further developments needed for A3
  - Develop 3D variant (NTUA)
  - Enforce constraints  $\rightarrow$  MPC provides preview (ETH, UCAM)











#### • Decentralized model predictive control

- Robust formulation for Multiplexed MPC
- Each aircraft optimizes future trajectory separately using
  - Local information
  - Any available global information: weather, etc.
  - Intent information of other aircraft
- Plans communicated between aircraft
- Process repeated in receding horizon manner
- Formulate tractable optimization problems
- Symmetry breaking
- Theoretical guarantees
  - If a feasible plan exists initially, one will exist for ever









## • Combined MPC & NF approach

- Each aircraft optimizes the navigation function goals using
  - Local information
  - Any available global information: weather, etc.
  - Intent information of other aircraft
  - Operational constraints of the system
- Plans communicated between aircraft
- Process repeated in receding horizon manner
- Minimization of a cost that can take into account operational goals for the aircraft
- Theoretical guarantees
  - If the corresponding centralized problem is feasible, so is the decentralized
  - The conflict avoidance guarantees of NF are maintained







# D5.3i – Short term CDR algorithms



#### • Further extensions of navigation functions

- 3D extensions
  - Implicit coordination
  - No secondary conflicts
  - 1-to-N resolution
  - Resolution guarantees still applicable

## • Initial thoughts on alternatives:

- Trajectory synthesis by logic
- Concatenate
  - Straight, level flight segments
  - Turns
  - Climbs, descents
- Synthesis using logic formulas and "model checking" tools
  - More difficult to include optimality considerations
  - Resolution guarantees by construction







## **Current research**



- WP5.3: Further development of conflict resolution methods
  - D5.3ii: Intermediate report on advanced conflict resolution algorithms for A<sup>3</sup> ConOps (T0+30)
  - D5.3: Report on advanced conflict resolution mechanisms for A<sup>3</sup> ConOps (T0+36)
- WP5.4: Validation of the resulting conflict resolution method against the requirements
  - D5.4: Final report including validation (T0+44)



